

INTIMATIONS

CHINA EXPORT-IMPORT AND BANK COMPAGNIE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any persons or firms having claims against the Hongkong Branch of the CHINA EXPORT-IMPORT-AND-BANK COMPAGNIE are required to file same with the Liquidators on or before 31st October, 1916, after which date no claim will be recognized.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.

Liquidators

Hongkong, Oct. 2, 1916. 1088

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

HIGH CLASS
PIANOS FOR
SALE OR
HIRE.
CASH OR
CREDIT.
TUNING & REPAIRING—
A SPECIALITY.

SILIMPON (SEBATTIE) COAL

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the COWIE HARBOUR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL trimm'd into Bunker at SEBATTIE or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIE or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bunker) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

SEBATTIE Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low water Spring Tides.

Charts of Sibuko Bay (Sebattie Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents Cowie Harbour Coal
Company, Limited.
Hongkong, Dec. 2, 1916. 1027

JAPANESE MAKERS

Every kind of Footwear
MADE
TO
ORDER



CHERRY & CO.

PEDDER STREET,
Opposite Hongkong Hotel
Telephones No. 451.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

THE FIRST CHINESE NEWSPAPER
EVER ISSUED UNDER
PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

The Chinese Mail

THE LEADERS CHINESE POLITICAL AND
COMMERCIAL JOURNAL

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.

CONTAINS THE MOST EXCLUSIVE
TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM
NORTH CHINA.

ALL THE LATEST INTELLIGENCE FROM
VARIOUS PORTS IN CHINA AND JAPAN.

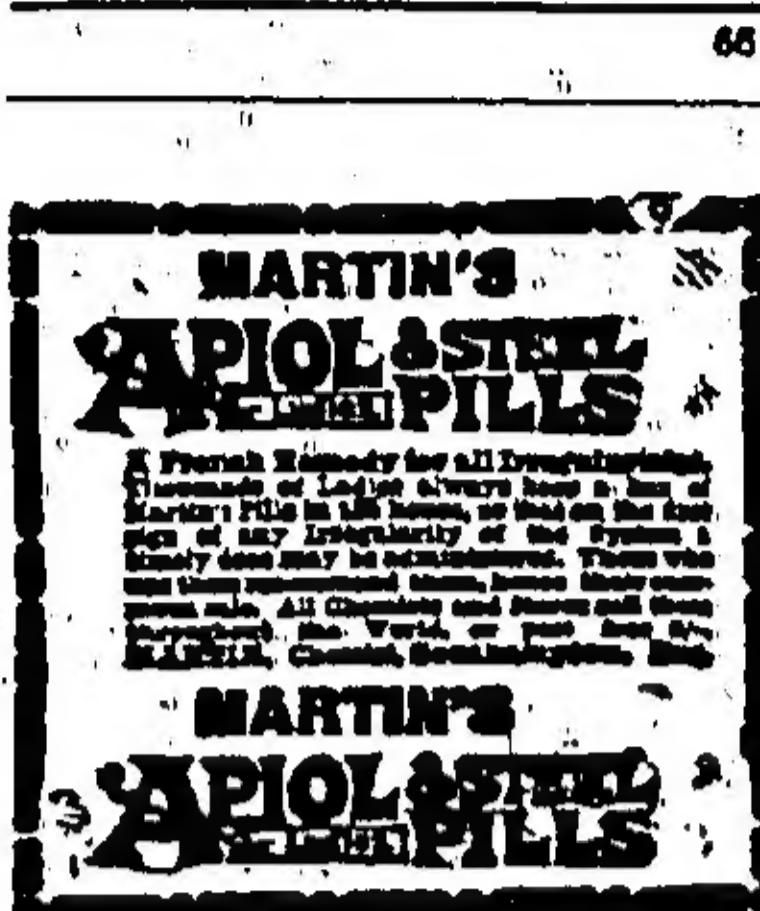
1000 per Annum. Address to Hongkong
\$12.00 to Post Office, Hongkong.

1000 per Annum. Address to Hongkong
\$12.00 to Post Office, Hongkong.

INTIMATIONS

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUST ARRIVED
NEW SHIPMENT OF
SELECTED
FINNAN HADDOCKS.
FILLET HADDOCKS.
KIPPER.



PATELL & CO.

Importers-Exporters

AND
Commission Agents
HONGKONG.

Branches:—

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.
BOMBAY, INDIA.

China:—
HANKOW,
SHANGHAI,
CANTON.

FOR SALE.

ASA-GOING CONCERN.

FIRST CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL
containing:—
42 Bed Rooms,
23 Bath Rooms,
Halls, Lounges, Reception Room,
Private Dining Room. Sole contained
suites of apartments with Bath Rooms
attached. Dining Room with accommoda-
tion for 100 persons. Store Room,
Library, Servants quarters etc, etc, etc.
Hot and cold water laid on throughout.
Approximate value of Furniture, etc.
about \$30,000.

A large stock of extra Linen and
Crockery all new and high class recently
imported from England.

Electric light throughout.

The Hotel is centrally located being
only a few minutes from the leading
Banks, Post Office, Ferry, &c.

To be sold as a going concern with
good will.

Further particulars may be obtained
from the Undersigned.

HUGHES & HOUGE,
Agents,
Hongkong, Oct. 19, 1916. 1051.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

W HOLESALE Indents promptly
executed at lowest and prices
for all British and Continental goods,
including:

Books and Stationery,
Boots, Shoes and Leather,
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,
China, Earthenware and Glassware,
Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories,
Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods,
Fancy Goods and Perfumery,
Hardware, Machinery and Metals,
Jewellery, Plate and Watches,
Photographs and Optical Goods,
Provisions and Glimmer's Stores,
etc, etc.

Commission 2½% to 5%.

Trade Discounts allowed.

Special Quotations on Demand.

Sample Cases from \$10 upwards.

Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS

(ESTABLISHED 1814.)

25, ASCHERSON LANE, LONDON, E.C.

Cable Address: "ANNUAL, LONDON."

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON,
15, Morrison Hill Road.

TANG YUK, Dentist, successor to
the late SIEU TING,
14, D'Aguilar Street.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation free.

CONSTITUTION IS

DANGEROUS

because it poisons the system, causing
sick headaches, biliousness, torpid liver,
bad complexion, disordered digestion.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

TERAPION NO. 1

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 2

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 3

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 4

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 5

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 6

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 7

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 8

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 9

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 10

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 11

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 12

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 13

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 14

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 15

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 16

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SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 17

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 18

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 19

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 20

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 21

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 22

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SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 23

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 24

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 25

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 26

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 27

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SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 28

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TERAPION NO. 29

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SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 30

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 31

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 32

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 33

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 34

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.

TERAPION NO. 35

CURE FOR CHRONIC WARTS, FLEMMES, DRAINS, LOST HAIR, ACNE,
SCAB, STAP, ABSCESS, ETC.



Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Bare Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.PROPRIETORS
"To Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.Codes used
Bentley's
A. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.Telegraphic Address
"KELION" HONGKONG.

AUCTIONS.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.THE Undersigned have been favoured
with instructions to sell by Public Auction,
on board,WEDNESDAY,
25th October, 1918, at 10.30 a.m.
H.M.S."TAKU" and "OTTER"
as they now lie in H.M. Naval Yard.
To be sold without restrictions as to
breaking up.Full particulars, Conditions of sale,
and inspecting orders, may be had from
the Auctioneers.HUGHES & HOUGH,
By Appointment Auctioneers to the
Admiralty,
Hongkong, Oct. 17, 1918. 1141G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.THE Undersigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction,
(for account of the concerned),
onWEDNESDAY,
25th October, 1918, commencing
at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
etc., &c.

As follows:—

Several Carpets and Rugs, Upholstered
Suits, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Card
Tables, Bedroom Furniture, comprising
Double Brass-mounted Bedstead, Twin
Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner
Wagons, Extension Dining Table, etc.,
etc., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass
Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet
Sets, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Large
Roll-top Desks and Writing Table, etc.,
a quantity of Electro Plated Ware,
1 Piano, in good condition, Electric
Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teak-
wood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood
Furniture, Pictures, Engravings, &c.

Also

12 Plate Carbines, Camara,
A few lots of DRAWN THREAD and
EMBROIDERED GRASS CLOTH, etc.
A selection of Brass Jardinières,
Vases, Finger Bowls, etc.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 18, 1918. 1142

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction,
(for account of the concerned),

on

FRIDAY,
the 27th October, 1918, at 11 a.m.,
at the Wanchai Hospital,
Praya East,SUNDAY
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
etc., &c., &c.
therein contained.Consisting of:—
Teakwood Wardrobes, Washstands,
Dressing Tables, Single Iron Beds,
Blankets and Bed Linen, Enamelled
Ware, Chinese Beds, etc., &c.

Also

Sundry Hospital Requisites.
On view day of Sale.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 18, 1918. 1143

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction,
(for account of the concerned),

on

AN EARLY DATE,
The following LIGHTHOUSE GEAR
etc., &c., viz:—One occulting apparatus, complete.
Circular wick lamps.

Spare burners.

Cylinders and wicks.

Incandescent Petrol Lamps, and

appurtenances.

A quantity of gear pertaining to
Mount Evans.

Also

A number of Locomotive wheels and

Axles.

Further particulars may be obtained
from the undersigned.

Terms:—as usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Aug. 24, 1918. 1144

THE Undersigned have received instruc-
tions to sell
(for account of the concerned),

as their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street,

ONE PIANO by KRUSS, STUTTGART

in first class condition.

Now on view.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 2, 1918. 1145

THE WAR.

(Continued from Page 5.)

SUNDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuters' Service to the China Mail)

ENEMY EFFORT AGAINST
THE RUMANIANS.

VIOLENT ATTACKS REPULSED.

BUCHAREST, Oct. 20.

Most violent enemy attacks along
the whole of the Carpathian front
have been everywhere repulsed with
heavy losses.The enemy hitherto have attacked
the passes, especially in the Predeal
region, where they hoped to be able
to debouch rapidly into the oil-fields,
but they now seem to be making
their principal effort in the Trotuș
valley, in the north of Moldavia.
They have no chance of success.A violent bombardment is reported
at Orsova.Absolute confidence is felt in the
Rumanian Generalissimo, who are being
assisted by the French Military
Mission.

LONDON, Oct. 20.

A Russian communiqué states:
Towards Lingrad we drove back the
enemy in Oituz Valley to the frontier
where the fighting continues.
We repulsed the enemy attacks in
the Trotuș valley, Bran dash and in the
region of Mount Robu. We re-
captured Mount Suru.The Russians have dent the
enemy defences at Oituz, fifteen
miles south-east of Kovel.

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FOR THE CHILDREN'S USE
YOU CAN AFFORD TO USE OUR
GIANT LAVENDER TALCUM
FREELY.
THE TIN THAT CONTAINS
1-lb. OF TALCUM FOR \$1.00.
FOR TENDER SKINS IT IS DELIGHTFULLY SOOTHING AND
HEALING AND IT IS COMPOSED ONLY OF THE
FINEST AND PUREST INGREDIENTS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
Telephone: No. 16.

To-day's Advertisements

WANTED.

TWO Experienced OPERATORS to take charge of large DRAG LINE EXCAVATORS in connection with Irrigation Works now under construction in Siam.

Applications accompanied by copies of recent testimonials should be addressed to the Director General Royal Irrigation Department, Bangkok, Siam.

Starting age, experience, salary required and whether married or single.

Hongkong, Oct. 23, 1916. 1165

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from Miss K. A. MASSEY, to sell, by Public Auction,

on **MONDAY**, the 30th October, 1916, at 11 a.m., at Brighton House, No. 10 Arbutus Road, (also Entrances by Steps opposite No. 33 Wycham Street,

Deal with Pigeon Holes, Overmantel (bevelled glass), Chiffonier, Card Table, Large Hanging Wardrobe, Adaptable Bed Sofa, Upholstered and Button Chairs, Electric Fan and Fittings, Sewing Machine, A few sets of Chinese Porcelains, Brushes, Water Colours, etc. On view day of Sale. Catalogues will be issued. Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers,
Hongkong, Oct. 23, 1916. 1166

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Liquidators Messrs. MacKers & Co. to sell by Public Auction,

on **TUESDAY**, the 31st October, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 3, Des Vœux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

ONE LARGE STEEL CABINET SAFE WITH KEYS.

Terms—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers,
Hongkong, Oct. 23, 1916. 1167

(Continued on page 8.)

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture, Drawn Thread and Grass Cloth, etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's

General Memoranda.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 26—
10.30 a.m.—Auction of H.M.S. "Taku" and H.M.S. "Otter" on board.

10.30 a.m.—Auction of Naval Stores at H.M. Naval Yard, Hongkong.

11.30 a.m.—Auction of Pig Iron at Kowloon Godown.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Naval Stores, Lighter, Boats etc. at Kowloon Naval Depot.

THURSDAY, Oct. 27—
Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement Day.

11 a.m.—Auction of Household Furniture and Hospital Requisites etc. at the Wan Chai Hospital.

SATURDAY, Oct. 28—
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Household Furniture, etc. at No. 3 Barrow Terrace, Granville Road, Kowloon.

3.30 p.m.—Gymkhana Meeting at Happy Valley.

SUNDAY, Oct. 29—
8 a.m.—Excursion to Macao by ss. "Taishan".

MONDAY, Oct. 30—
Noon—Dairy Farm Co. Meeting.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Household Furniture at No. 6 Lochiel Terrace, Cameron Road, Kowloon.

VISITING CARDS

PRINTED AT
"China Mail" Office

withstanding these losses and the ever-increasing pressure of French and British on the Somme, the Germans have sent some divisions to help the Austrians. Nine of these have been withdrawn from the Western front, and the most surprising point is that four of them have been withdrawn since July 1, when the Somme offensive began. It is obvious that the German High Command would not withdraw, if it could possibly help it, single man from the front which is being subjected to the offensive described in the German Press as a "gigantic operation." The German Press declares that the Germans are greatly outnumbered on the Somme, and yet so great is the crisis that the enemy has had actually to weaken his Western front during the height of the offensive. If we bear these facts in mind we can perceive the significance of the tremendous operations in progress against the enemy on all fronts simultaneously. It is unlikely that the Bulgarians or the Turks will be able to afford Austria any more help than they have done already, for the great Army of Salonika, which is now well on the move, will give the Bulgarians all the occupation they want and it is highly probable that the Turks have enough on hand in preparing for big operations in the regions of Anatolia and Mesopotamia. Whether the assassination of the Premier of Austria will have the effect on the continuance of the war that a telegram from Rowe leads us to expect, remains to be seen; but when we attempt to realise the plight to which Austria-Hungary has been reduced, and the high improbability of her being able to achieve any permanent success against either the Russians, the Italians or the Rumanians, and that all the sacrifices of her manhood will prove to be in vain, it is not difficult to believe that the outrage at Vienna represents something more than the aberration of a fanatic.

BIRTH.
WATT.—On October 18, 1916, at Shanghai, to Captain and Mrs. R. A. WATT, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BINGHAM—BARLOW.—On October 17 at Shanghai WILLIAM JOHN BINGHAM, P.W.D., Shanghai Municipal Council, to EVELINE CONSTANCE HARRIET BARLOW, of London.

BOOKS—WILSON.—On October 16, at Shanghai JOHN JOSEPH, only son of JOHN BROOKS of Brockley, Kent, to EDITH MARION, only daughter of Chieff Inspector and Mr. T. M. WILSON, Shanghai.

DEATH.

RICHARDSON.—Died on September 1 of wounds received on August 31, 2nd Lieutenant Robert (Roy) S. RICHARDSON Machine Gun Corps eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. RICHARDSON, 35 Rosary Gardens, S.W.

THE ENEMY'S LOSSES.

We are frequently told of calculations which are made of the losses Germany has suffered in the war, but we have seldom seen any attempt made to calculate the Austrian losses. We have in the telegrams to-day one Italian estimate, fortified by a certain method of proof. This gives a loss of nearly four and half millions. The German losses have been reckoned at over 3,000,000 so that we get a total for Germany and Austria alone of something like 8,000,000. Meantime as the information is regarding the fighting on the southern portion of the Russian line, where the Austrians are bearing the brunt, it is apparent from the many references the Russian communiques of the past few weeks have contained to "fierce battles" and "obstinate fighting" that the casualties must be very heavy indeed. In the months of June, July and August alone it was estimated that the Austrians lost fully 800,000 men, including some 350,000 prisoners. The average of casualties—so far at least as killed and wounded are concerned—has certainly not been reduced since, for Austria has not only had to meet great attacks by the Russians on the one side and the Italians on the other, but she has had to meet the Rumanians in a fresh field in many fierce encounters. Austria's strategic reserves are declared to have been exhausted, before Rumania came into the fray. Mr. WARNER ALLEN, the special representative of the British Press with the French Army, referring to the Austrian losses in a letter written seven weeks ago said:—"The question arises: Where is the Dual Monarchy to find more troops? It cannot accuse Germany of having failed to succour the brilliant second. The Germans lost half a million men at Verdun before the Somme offensive began. Since July 1 they have been losing heavily, both on the Somme and at Verdun. How heavy the German casualty list has been can be deduced from the fact that since July 1 the Allies have taken 43,000 prisoners of these two points on the front. According to all precedents on this front, this figure must represent a very large total of casualties on the German side. No

box in which the opium was found. Regarding the large sums of money on the prisoners' explanation was simple. The second prisoner owed a considerable sum of money about \$700, to Lum Tsai Hok, the real tenant of the cubicle. The second prisoner asked the first man to assist him and he loaned him \$500. Lum Tsai Hok, when he heard Revenue Officers were in the house refused to go to them. Counsel contended there to no elements of bribery. A more brazened thing of a man openly producing \$500 and giving it to a revenue officer was not to be conceived.

Prisoners made statements from the dock, and Counsel observed that there was a direct conflict between what they had said and what Revenue Officer Wildin had said, and he submitted on that the defendants were entitled to be discharged.

His Lordship commented that if the prisoners were correct the chief witness for the prosecution ought to have been questioned from that point of view. Prisoners having made a statement could not be cross-examined.

A female witness was called for the defence and the case was subsequently adjourned.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THREE PLEAS OF GUILTY IN LIGHT LIST.

The October Sessions opened to-day at the Supreme Court. The calendar was light and contained no indictment on the capital charge. There was a charge of attempted murder, coupled with a charge of wounding: two charges of disobeying banishment orders; charges of offering bribes against two prisoners; and charges of forgery, uttering a forged instrument and larceny against one prisoner.

BANISHED FOR LIFE AND RETURNED.

Lau Tsing pleaded guilty to a breach of a banishment order operative for life and made in May 1916.

The Crown Solicitor, Mr. G. N. Wakeman, said prisoner had a number of convictions against him and had previously been banished from the Colony three times.

The Chief Justice, (Sir Wm. Rees Davies K.C.) said prisoner is evidently more fond of us than we are of him. He was sentenced to three years' hard labour.

APPRECIATED GAOL.

Ip Pak Chay pleaded guilty to a similar indictment.

Prisoner was banished for ten years in May 1916 and had nine previous convictions.

He had been banished four times and had each time returned, said the Crown Solicitor.

Prisoner, who had undergone three years' hard labour, which expired in October 1914, said he was not banished after that. After he had been banished three times it was found out that he was a native of Kowloon City and he had been recalled.

His Lordship sentenced prisoner to three years' hard labour remarking that he seemed to appreciate the interior of Victoria Gaol.

WOUNDING A WIFE.

Ngai Tin Po was indicted on a charge of attempting murder and wounding. He pleaded not guilty to the first count and guilty to the second. He said he did cut his wife but did not attempt to kill her.

The Crown Solicitor said he was prepared to accept an amended plea of wounding and causing grievous bodily harm.

Prisoner said he and his wife quarrelled. She got the knife, and he took it away from her and struck her.

His Lordship adjourned the case for the attendance of Dr. Moore, purely on a question of sentence.

After this evidence had been given, prisoner was sentenced to three years' hard labour.

OFFERING BRIBES.

THE STORY OF AN OPIUM SEIZURE.

Na Yuk Shan and Chan Kwong Chak were indicted before the Puisne Judge, Mr. H. J. Gompertz, with offering

Mr. G. N. Orme of the Attorney General's Office prosecuted and the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C. instructed, by Mr. Grist, defended.

The indictment alleged against prisoners that they offered John Charles Wildin, an officer of the Import and Export Department, bribes of \$500 and \$105 at 6 Wing Wo Street on Sept. 16th last with a view to influencing his conduct. They pleaded not guilty.

The jury were: J. C. Johnstone, C.H.P., Hay, J.J. Harrington, A. Keating, A.J. Hassan, A.G. da Rocha and Chinen Lee.

Mr. Orme said the facts were very simple. Revenue Officer Wildin and four Chinese Officers visited the second floor of 6 Wing Wo Street on a general warrant which permitted him to search for opium. One Chinese was placed on the stairs to prevent anyone leaving while the search was in progress, and another was posted on the verandah to prevent any Chinese taking a shorter and more dangerous exit. They were inclined to do the same. The young man in question said it made him sad to think of getting married but he supposed it was useless to object. His face took on a broad smile, anyhow, when he thought of the twenty mow of land that he would go with the girl he was to get.

Neither of the contracting parties was Christian but they both wanted a Christian ceremony. So right in the midst of the customary Chinese rites the bride and bride-groom came over to the chapel and were married in due form after the Christian ceremonial. A rather startling feature of the ceremony was an outbreak of applause which greeted the bride-groom as he walked up the aisle. Weddings were very slow to take place in this old place, but judging by the events of the wedding day there must be a change coming.

A REMARKABLE CHINESE WEDDING.

A CORRESPONDENT OF THE CHINA PRESS,

writing from Sutien, N. Kiangsu, says:

A rather remarkable wedding was solemnized here a day or two ago. The bride to it would make you feel you were in the El Dorado of the modern suffragettes. The lady in the case finding herself free from her betrothal entanglements, told her parents that there was only one man she wanted for a husband and they must get him for her. This they proceeded to do. The young man in question said it made him sad to think of getting married but he supposed it was useless to object. His face took

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CLOSING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

The Hon. Mr. Pollock said the statements made by the prisoners at the Police Station give a summary of the facts. The first man said he knew nothing of the doses of opium and disclaimed any responsibility with regard to the loose opium. The second prisoner, also disclaiming responsibility and the opium balanced to Chu Hoy, who's name was on the

box in which the opium was found. Regarding the large sums of money on the prisoners' explanation was simple. The second prisoner owed a considerable sum of money about \$700, to Lum Tsai Hok, the real tenant of the cubicle. The second prisoner asked the first man to assist him and he loaned him \$500. Lum Tsai Hok, when he heard Revenue Officers were in the house refused to go to them. Counsel contended there to no elements of bribery. A more brazened thing of a man openly producing \$500 and giving it to a revenue officer was not to be conceived.

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A female witness was called for the defence and the case was subsequently adjourned.

"OUR DAY" FAIRE.

SATURDAY BRINGS MORE MONEY FOR THE FUND.

AN AUCTION OF ROSES.

The attendance at Saturday's supplementary show to "Our Day" was not nearly as large as on Thursday, but the remarkably easy manner in which the money came forward for the various attractions showed that purses had by no means

been exhausted and that the Committee were amply justified in continuing the faire for a second day.

In view of the huge dimensions of the patronage accorded the faire on Thursday, it was really a surprise where the money came from. The crush was not so acute but a prosperous business was done in the afternoon and evening by every department. H.E. the Governor and Lady May were among those

who frequently put their hands into their pockets to help keep the pot

boiling. The Governor created a good deal of mirth when he purchased a handsome brown felt chapeau for a couple of dollars the real value being something like ten cents. Having become the proud

owner, he was soon a regular customer.

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prisoners were correct the chief witness for the prosecution ought to have been questioned from that point of view. Prisoners having made a statement could not be cross-examined.

A female witness was called for the defence and the case was subsequently adjourned.

DEATH OF SIR JACOB SASSOON.

A

A cable has been received to-day by Messrs. E. D. Sasso & Co. announcing the death from pneumonia at Bombay yesterday of Sir Jacob Elias Sasso, the senior partner of the firm. The Hongkong house, (of which Mr. Ch. S. Gubbay is the manager) has been closed to day as a mark of respect.

Sir Jacob Sasso was one of the most prominent merchants and industrial pioneers in India. The firm of merchants and bankers of which he is the head is well known not only in India and China, but in London also. Sir Jacob Sasso built the first cotton mill in India

THE WAR.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

BRITISH TAKE OVER 1,000 PRISONERS.

London, Oct. 22. General Sir Douglas Haig reports: Yesterday's attack was very successful. The whole of our objectives were gained and 800 prisoners were taken.

More prisoners are reported to be coming in.

Our casualties are believed to be slight.

The enemy made no attempt during the night to retake the ground we captured.

1,018 PRISONERS.

General Sir Douglas Haig reports: The prisoners taken yesterday between Schwaben Redoubt and Le Sars numbered 1,018.

This morning the enemy exploded two mines south of Ypres in the neighbourhood of the Bluff and occupied the lip of a crater, where they were subjected to a continuous bombardment.

Aeroplanes rendered valuable service yesterday in locating enemy batteries. They destroyed, five enemy machines, and drove down four damaged. Three of ours are missing.

Reuter's Correspondent at Headquarters telegraphing on the 21st inst. says:

Two days of blue skies and cold winds resulted in drying the ground and the immediate resumption of activity.

An attack along a front of 5,000 yards from the north of Moquet Farm, in the direction of Le Sars, surprised the enemy, and many useful positions were secured. Our casualties were slight, which is the best token of our success.

The Germans persistently counter-attacked at Schwaben Redoubt, to which they appear to attach much importance. Our bombing and grenade prevented them from reaching the parapet, and they were beaten back with great losses.

This morning they made another and more determined assault and secured a footing in the Redoubt, but were fiercely routed.

A feature of recent operations has been the number of direct hits on enemy guns and emplacements. This is most satisfactory in view of the admission of the Germans that the wearing out of the guns exceeds the rate of their manufacture.

FRENCH GAINS MAINTAINED.

VIOLENT ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

Paris, Oct. 22.

A communiqué states: Violent enemy attacks at Chaulnes have been repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. Our gains yesterday are wholly maintained.

It is confirmed that the German losses in their counter-attacks yesterday in the Blaich and Blaisswood sector were considerable, especially before the village of Blaich, which they strongly attacked.

Four German aeroplanes were brought down in the Somme region and five others were forced to land damaged.

We heavily bombed the railway station at Courcelles, east of Metz, apparently causing much damage, and several other railway stations, airsheds at Peronne and bivouacs at Etain.

ANOTHER FUTILE ATTACK.

LATER.

South of the Somme a fresh enemy attack in the afternoon against the southern portion of Chaulnes Wood was repulsed with serious losses. The prisoners taken have not yet been counted.

The morning attack in the same region was very expensive to the Germans. We surrounded the enemy who made a stand in our first lines. 150 survivors were taken prisoners.

There has been an intermittent bombardment elsewhere.

THE ASSASSINATION OF AUSTRIA'S "PREMIER."

POSSIBLE EFFECT ON THE WAR.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22. Count Stuergh, the Austrian Premier was killed while dining at a Vienna hotel.

His assailant approached and fired three shots in rapid succession.

Count Stuergh was hit in the head and died immediately.

LATER.

Details of the assassination state that when the shots rang out a number of officers rushed with drawn swords on the assailant, who, however, offered no resistance and was handed over to the Police.

He said: "I will account for this before the Court."

The prisoner is the publisher of a Socialist newspaper, the editor of another, and the Secretary of the Social Democratic Party.

ROME, Oct. 22. The affair is regarded as a sign of Austria's disintegration.

It is thought that it may affect in a most important degree the continuation of the war.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22. The *Weltger Algemeine Zeitung* states that Count Stuergh was dining with Baron Arentthal (a brother of the ex-Foreign Minister) who was wounded in the foot by one shot.

The Baron caught Count Stuergh in his arms as he fell. The assailant was Dr. Freidries Adler, a son of the Reichsrat Deputy Dr. Victor Adler. He had long been considered eccentric, and had latterly opposed the majority of the Socialist party.

The Russ-Romanian forces in Dobruja retired slightly under pressure of enemy attacks along the whole front.

The Romanians surrounded an enemy division twenty-six miles west of Piatra.

They took 500 prisoners and captured two guns.

The Romanians took 100 prisoners in Trotus Valley and repulsed enemy attacks in Uza Valley and Bran Pass with heavy losses, but retired in Buzed Valley.

There has been stubborn fighting on the west bank of the Namjukva River in the region of Svishteliki where positions have changed hands several times. Enemy attacks have been repelled.

NEARLY FOUR AND A HALF MILLIONS.

LONDON, Oct. 22. An Italian semi-official statement says that Austria has called up approximately 7,400,000 men since the outbreak of the war. Only about 3,000,000 are now available. The enormous difference represents prisoners, killed, etc. Proof of the accuracy of this estimate is obtained by studying the numbers of the march formations or units formed to replace the losses. Up to the present twenty-three march formations, each of 21,500 men, have been absorbed.

BAD WEATHER ON THE BALKAN FRONT.

LONDON, Oct. 22. A British official message from Salonika states that owing to bad weather there have been only patrol encounters.

A French official message from Salonika states: Despite the bad weather we progressed on the right bank of the Vardar and the Serbians took prisoners in the region of the Cerna.

ALLEGED HIGH TREASON IN BULGARIA.

A PRO-ALLY EX-MINISTERS' PLIGHT.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22.

A telegram from Sofia states that the pro-ally ex-Minister M. Gheneadi, who was sentenced to ten years' penal servitude for alleged high treason, is seriously ill of blood poisoning.

GENERAL MARCHAND SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

LONDON, Oct. 22.

General Marchand (of Fashoda fame) has been slightly wounded.

SUNSHINE AND COMMON SENSE

DON'T doctor your blood for rheumatism. Use an external application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. In a few days it will get you up and out into the sunshine, then nature will restore the rich red blood to your veins and soon rid the system of this troublesome disease. For sale by all Chemists and Storeskeepers.

THE RUMANIAN FRONT.
FLUCTUATING BATTLES.

LONDON, Oct. 22.

A Rumanian communiqué dated the 21st inst. states:

In the Brosteni sector we drove back the enemy towards the frontier and surrounded a detachment at Mont Siphas, attacking them with the sword and taking 500 prisoners, two guns, machine-guns and war material.

The fighting continues in Trotus Valley.

The enemy has been repulsed in Uza Valley with heavy losses.

Our troops are maintaining their positions in Oituz Valley, against violent attacks which have been repulsed to the frontier.

Our troops have been compelled to retire in Buzed Valley. They have repulsed attacks in the Bran defile.

A violent enemy attack along the whole of the Dobruja front forces us to withdraw the Centre and Right.

A Rumanian communiqué of the 22nd inst. shows a continuance of heavy fighting in several sectors. On the Transylvanian front, the Romanians attacked and drove back the enemy, using the bayonet; and enemy attacks were repulsed elsewhere.

Elsewhere there was violent reciprocal bombardment.

There was nothing fresh from the Danube front.

Enemy attacks obliged a retirement in Dobruja.

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DETERMINED ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH ATTACK.

LONDON, Oct. 22.

General Sir Douglas Haig in a communiqué says:

In the early morning the enemy determinedly attacked the Schwaben Redoubt and was repulsed everywhere except at two points where he entered our trenches, only to be immediately ejected, leaving 5 officers and 79 men as prisoners and many dead.

We successfully attacked on a front of 5,000 yards between Schwaben and Le Sars and advanced between 300 and 500 yards. We captured Stuif and Regina trenches and also an advanced post N.E. of Schwaben, and captured some hundreds of prisoners.

Our aircraft bombed the enemy communications, attacked an important junction and ammunition depot, and derailed four coaches.

Three enemy aeroplanes were destroyed and many were driven down. Two of our machines are missing.

AERIAL COMBATS ON FRENCH FRONT.

A communiqué says: There is nothing of importance on the French front.

During the night numerous aerial combats took place, in which seven German machines were brought down.

Stations at Noyon and Chauny, together with communications and bivouacs, were heavily bombed.

HOLLAND'S ATTITUDE.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22.

The Government of Holland, replying to the Allies' Note regarding submarines in neutral waters, states that it has decided to treat our submarines as war vessels, but points out that no belligerents are allowed in Dutch ports except under stringent conditions. Holland will treat merchant submarines as merchant vessels when their identity is certain.

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HOSTILE AEROPLANE AT SHEERNESS.

LONDON, Oct. 22.

An official communiqué states:

A hostile aeroplane approached Sheerness this afternoon. Three bombs fell into the harbour, and a fourth in the vicinity of the railway station and damaged several carriages.

British aeroplanes went up after the raiders which disappeared in a north-easterly direction.

There was no casualties.

ENEMY SEAPLANE DESTROYED.

LATER.

A further official communiqué states:

One of our naval aircraft yesterday afternoon shot down and destroyed a hostile seaplane, which fell into the sea.

It is considered probable that the enemy seaplane was the one which raided Sheerness.

THE LONDON SCHOOL OF ORIENTAL STUDIES.

LONDON, Oct. 22.

Dr. Denison Ross has been appointed Director of the London School of Oriental Studies.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

GERMAN CRUISER TORPEDOED.

BY BRITISH SUBMARINE.

LONDON, Oct. 21.

The Admiralty reports that a British submarine torpedoed a German cruiser of the *Kolberg* class on the 19th instant.

When last seen the cruiser was making homeward with difficulty.

The *Kolberg* class are protected cruisers of 4,800 tons, turbine driven, with a speed of about 27 knots. There were four ships of this class built in 1909-11. They were the *Kolberg*, *Austria*, *Mainz* and *Cuern*. The two latter were sunk in the Heligoland Bight on August 25th 1914. It may be remembered that when Admiral Beatty's squadron chased the Germans home on January 24th 1915, it was reported that prisoners declared that the light cruiser *Kolberg* was sunk, but no confirmation of this was forthcoming.

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SHIPPING

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Will dispatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the DATES named:—

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAME	RELIABLE
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	NYANZA	about 27th Oct.	Direct Service
GONDON via SINGAPORE	NORE	Noon	Direct Service
PENANG, COLOMBO	CAPT. D. ASBURY	3rd Nov.	Direct Service
Port Said & MARSSELLS	MALTA	about 8th Nov.	Direct Service
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	CAPT. C. C. TALBOT	about 8th Nov.	Direct Service
London & BOMBAY via SINGAPORE	NYANZA	Connecting at Colombo, with	Mail Steamer Mongolia
COLOMBO, PORT SAID & MARSSELLS	CAPT. J. GAUNT	17th Nov.	

Wireless on all steamers. Return tickets at a fare and a half available to Europe for two years, or Intermediate Ports for six months. Round-the-world and through tickets to New York, at Special Rates.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND BOOKS, and FREIGHTS, apply to
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, E. V. D. PARR,
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O. S. K.

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REGULAR SERVICES, PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
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AMERICAN LINE. FOR VICTORIA, AND TACOMA, VIA MANILA, KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI AND YOKOHAMA.
S.S. "CHICAGO MARU" ... Capt. K. Hori ... Tuesday, 24th Oct., at 2 p.m.
+ Omitting Shanghai and Nagasaki.

AUSTRALIAN LINE. FOR SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, AND ADELAIDE.
S.S. "NANKING MARU" ... Friday, 27th Oct., at Noon.

BOMBAY LINE. FOR BOMBAY, VIA SINGAPORE, PORTSWET, TENHAM, PENANG AND COLOMBO.
S.S. "INDO MARU" ... Capt. Y. Sonekawa ... Sunday, 29th Oct., at Noon.

JAVA LINE. FOR MANILA, SANDAKAN, MACASSAR, SAMARANG, SOURABAYA & BATAVIA.
S.S. "ANNAN MARU" ... Monday, 30th Oct.

S.S. "SHIBETORO MARU" ... Capt. S. Yamane ... Friday, 3rd Nov., at Noon.
+ Calling at Sourabaya, Samarang and Batavia.

FORMOSA LINE. FOR TAMSUI, KEELUNG, ANPING, TAKAO, VIA SWATOW, AND AMOY.

S.S. "BOSHU MARU" ... Wednesday, 25th Oct., at 8 a.m.
S.S. "AMAKUSA MARU" ... Capt. Konishi ... Sunday, 27th Oct., at 10 a.m.
+ Calling at Tamsui, Keelung via Swatow and Amoy.
+ Omitting Tamsui and Keelung.

These Formosa Liners will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF near the Harbour Office.

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STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
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EASTERN		

THE above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All Ships have Electric Fans. A fully qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

All Steamers fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

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NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS with transhipment at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the
INDO-CHINA-STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
AND APCAR LINE.
Proposed Sailings from Hongkong.

Steamers from Hongkong, on or about, Connecting at Calcutta with On or about

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REGULAR SAILINGS VIA PORTS AND ISLES AND PANAMA CANAL.
(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast).

FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK.
S.S. FOREMONT CASTLE ... On or about 10th November.

It is intended that the above vessel will proceed via Panama Canal.
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THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA
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Regular Services of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Borneo, Malaya, Macassar and Sumatra.

S.S. BORNEO MARU. For Batavia, Chittagong, Singapore, Macassar & Colombo ... 24th Oct.

S.S. BIGJUN MARU. For Moji, Kure & Yokohama ... 25th Oct.

For Freight & further particulars apply to

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COLOMBO, PORT SAID & MARSSELLS	CAPT. J. GAUNT	17th Nov.	
MARSELLS			

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FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAME
SHANGHAI	WING SANG	THURSDAY, Oct. 26, Daylight
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	LOKSANG	THURSDAY, Oct. 26, at 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	MAUSANG	FRIDAY, Oct. 27, at Noon
MALTA	YUEN SANG	SATURDAY, Oct. 28, at 3 p.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & MANILA	KUMSANG	WED'DAY, Nov. 1, at Noon
MALTA	LOONGSANG	SATURDAY, Nov. 4, at 3 p.m.

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Steamers to Colombo	Leave Hongkong Noon	Connecting Mail Steamer from Colombo	Due at Marseilles 1916	Due London 1916
NORE NYANZA	Nov. 3	Through Steamer * MONGOLIA	Dec. 6	Dec. 17
	Nov. 17		Dec. 17	Dec. 1917
MALTA	Dec. 1	* MALWA	Dec. 31	Jan. 7
			1917	
NANKIN NOVARA SOMALI NYANZA NAMUR	Dec. 15	Through Steamer * KASHGAR	Jan. 17	Feb. 11
	Dec. 29		Jan. 31	Feb. 19
	Jan. 12		Feb. 12	Mar. 11
	Jan. 26	Through Steamer * ARABIA	Feb. 28	Mar. 11
	Feb. 9			Mar. 19

* Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO.
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SAILINGS DIRECT TO:

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

S. S.	Leave Hongkong About
NYANZA	FRIDAY, 27th October.
MALTA	WEDNESDAY, 8th November.
NANKIN	SUNDAY, 19th November.
NOVARA	SATURDAY, 2nd December.
SOMALI	SUNDAY, 17th December.
NYANZA	SUNDAY, 31st December.

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Steamers	Leave Hongkong about	Leave Suez about	Due at Marseilles about	Due London about

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 Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.
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VIA SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU. NOVEMBER 15-JANUARY 27.	
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S.S. "SALAMIS" from Hongkong 20th November.

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ANNIVERSARY OF THE REVOLUTION.

REVIEW OF TROOPS AT NANYUAN.

The "Peking Gazette" of the 13th inst. contains the following interesting account of the President's review of the Troops on the fifth anniversary of the Republic.

APPROACHING THE PARK.

The "South Park" was approached through a small but prosperous village containing many modern shops, mainly patronised by officers and soldiers of the big military force stationed at Nanyuan. The shops on the main street were closed and the streets were decorated with lanterns. At the gate of the village a military band was in waiting with the guard of honour detailed from the 20th Division. On the south side of the village gate was posted a line of outposts thinly screening the general review grounds. Half a mile beyond this line was another line of pickets, and still further behind this the main road to the gate of the review grounds, namely the immense parade ground of the Nanyuan troops and the serodrome. A big pavilion marked the entrance to the parade ground where another band was in waiting. Visitors arriving in carriages or rickshaws or motor cars alighted here and presented their tickets for inspection after passing through a cordon of police officers, who also scrutinised the tickets with evident care. Even high military officers in full uniform were strictly required to show their tickets before admission could be secured.

INSIDE THE GROUNDS.

Entering the grounds one was at once attracted by the vastness of the enclosure. The 15,000 soldiers who participated in the review and then lined three sides of the parade ground were almost lost in the distant sunshine. A little to the right of the entrance was a big matched pavilion inside, which were arranged tables loaded with refreshments of many kinds, for the guests. Directly in front of this pavilion was a small rectangular blue tent erected on a raised mud bed. This was the spot where the President reviewed the troops. On both sides of this tent were spaces roped or railed off for spectators. A large number of W. Tents stood behind for the guests in rest rooms. The place was full of cameras including that of the moving-picture maker. Both the Premier and the President had to submit to the Kodak again and again. The President good humouredly posed for the camera whenever one was directed toward him. Those who did not bring their cameras must have regretted their timidity. The ground was of course brilliant with uniforms of every description. The bright blue of the military with their gold laces and white plumes, the black and gold of the naval officers and the yellow and red of the civil officials, the great variety of decorations with their respective ribbons and sashes all added greatly to the gaudiness of the colour display.

REVIEW OF TROOPS.

The review of troops at Nanyuan was a great success. The arrangements were perfect. This, assisted by ideal weather, made the day most enjoyable to those who were fortunate enough to secure tickets of admission. General Tsu-chi, Minister of War and his able staff must be congratulated on their remarkable ability in managing the arrangements for such an important occasion. As it was reported that the review would begin a little after nine o'clock many of the visitors rose early for the journey to Nanyuan. The journey was however most enjoyable as the rain on the previous day had watered down all the dust and rendered the new road soft but not muddy. Approaching the front gates of the city one was at once attracted by the unusual number of police and soldiers lining the broad roads and the already large crowd packing the sidewalks. Outside of Chienmen the scene was even more lively. The sidewalks were densely packed with eager people waiting for the arrival of the President on his way to the review. Squads of soldiers were posted at various points along the road, which was already lined by police and soldiers at intervals of about five paces. Red lanterns were hung all the way from Chienmen to the Yungtingmen strung from pole to pole, the line of which was broken by the inevitable pavilion. Additional safety was provided for the President in the form of police standing on roof-tops in the suburbs of Chienmen and Yungtingmen to make the roads as clean as possible within the short time available and at the least expense possible. Yellow earth was sprayed all along the route, in imitation of the method used in former times. To assure the comfort of riders beyond the Bridge of Heaven was practically taken out by filling it with soft yellow earth. A new road had been made from the Yungtingmen to the South Park (Nanyuan) along the old cart track. According to the official instructions rubber tyred rickshaws were to be allowed to travel along this new macao but the over zealous police at many points forbade them the use of the road. Thus, those who did not wish to use the light railway were compelled to travel partly along the new road, which by the way was perfectly comfortable, and partly along the muddy path full of holes and ruts. Special care was exercised in shielding away all ugly sites from view with matting and all the hut-sheds near the east station of the light railway were pulled down and small shops ordered to close their doors.

APPROACHING THE PARK.

The "South Park" was approached through a small but prosperous village containing many modern shops, mainly patronised by officers and soldiers of the big military force stationed at Nanyuan. The shops on the main street were closed and the streets were decorated with lanterns. At the gate of the village a military band was in waiting with the guard of honour detailed from the 20th Division. The Commander of the Division met him some paces in front of the formed line and reported the presence of the troops. Led by the Commander-in-Chief of the troops and accompanied by the Commander of the particular unit under inspection, the President rode down the line of infantry, machine companies, artillery and cavalry—the line must have stretched out to about 5 miles. The inspection lasted about half an hour, after which the President returned to the blue tent and dined. A few minutes later followed. During this interval the officers and guests were served with refreshments in great abundance.

THE MARCH PAST.

After a little rest inside the small tent the President again came outside on to the platform accompanied by his military aides. The staff of the Nanyuan troops, Senate, Mr. Tang Hua-ling, Speaker of Senate, Mr. Tang Hua-ling, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and three Cabinet Ministers, led by the band of the 20th Division and the band of the Police, the troops marched past in front of the President in close columns. The Commander of the Division came first with his chief of staff and chief adjutant all on horse-back, saluting with their swords as they passed the saluting point marked by three soldiers standing at present-arm. He was followed by the Commander of the Brigade and then the Regimental Colonel and Regiment Commander, all mounted. The strength of the forces varied somewhat. Some divisions were of two brigades of three regiments each—each regiment consisting of three battalions of three companies of about 90 rank and file. The strength of the company for other divisions was about 70. Each regiment was led by its colour and each battalion by a small red flag stuck in the muzzle of the rifle of a sergeant marching in front of the company in columns. The colour Lieutenant dipped his flag while passing the President, who returned the salute with his hand. The columns after columns of infantry passing down the great length of the parade ground was a grand sight. They marched with great precision and presented a solid and smart appearance. This show was most creditable to the troops taking part were recruits of only one year's training. All the troops were in full parade uniform with their full equipment of camping and marching tools and other requisites. Attached to the infantry force and marching behind were the machine-gun companies. The guns were carried on mule-back and marched in perfect line. Following the machine-guns was the artillery, which was separated from the preceding force by a space of about five hundred yards. Ten batteries of six guns each took part in the parade. They came at a trot and broke into a canter just arriving at the saluting point. The formation was well nigh perfect—the line was straight as an arrow after dressing. To keep the ponies in such good order, a chief was shown the good training at a canter.

AFTER THE REVIEW.

The President after the review posed once more for the movie. He then retired to some tea. Three aeroplanes—two biplanes and one monoplane—made flight just in front of the tent of the President. Two of them flew so low that the faces of the pilot could plainly be seen by the naked eye. On departure the strict rule of keeping the crowd away from the President was relaxed and all were allowed to stand very close to the motor-car in which the President was to ride. His departure took place with the band playing.

There are a goodly number of spectators among whom are a few ladies Chinese and foreign. Owing to the relations between some of the foreign Ministers the various Legations were represented only by their military and naval attachés, who were in uniform. The uniform of the Russian officers was noted to be the smartest, while a towering German official made a striking figure among the foreign guests. Strict precision was observed in leaving tickets and as a result only a limited number of people were privileged to watch the review. This enabled all present to obtain an excellent view of what was going on all sides, especially the doings of the President. Another thing which attracted some attention was that the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives attended the review.

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Hongkong, Oct. 23, 1916.

earth platform the band of the 20th Division at once struck up the national anthem—"The Land of our Beloved Chung Hua." The President stood to attention until the anthem was finished when he mounted a black horse and proceeded at a good pace towards the left end of the long line of troops. His mounting and dismounting caused some surprise as it was thought that he, after so many months of confinement, was not likely to feel comfortable in the saddle. Accompanied by the commander of the troops for review and followed by his military aides the President went straight towards the troops in waiting the band playing a military march all the time. The Commander of the Division met him some paces in front of the formed line and reported the presence of the troops. Led by the Commander-in-Chief of the troops and accompanied by the Commander of the particular unit under inspection, the President rode down the line of infantry, machine companies, artillery and cavalry—the line must have stretched out to about 5 miles. The inspection lasted about half an hour, after which the President returned to the blue tent and dined. A few minutes later followed. During this interval the officers and guests were served with refreshments in great abundance.

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